

## STEREOSELECTIVE GLYCOSYLATIONS

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We will describe our efforts to develop stereoselective glycosylation reactions. We have adapted Denton's catalytic Appel methodology for the synthesis of glycosyl chlorides. The chlorides are first transformed *in situ* into iodides and then glycosides in a novel one-pot transformation of glycosyl hemiacetals to difficult-to-make  $\beta$ -mannosides and rhamnosides [1]. In contrast, the same protocol gives  $\alpha$ -glucosides in high selectivity [2]. This selectivity switch will be discussed.

We have also investigated the role of remote substituents at the 4-position of galactosides and fucosides in influencing  $\alpha/\beta$ -selectivity in glycosylations [3]. *para*-Nitrobenzoates gave high to excellent  $\alpha$ -selectivity. The results of our mechanistic studies (experimental and computational) led us to propose that a non-classical hydrogen bond from the *ortho*-CH of benzoates to the  $\beta$ -triflate intermediate is important for the selectivity of the reactions of galactosides.

If time permits, results of our efforts to automate the synthesis of monosaccharide building blocks might be described.

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## References

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